## 2022 ALL ABOUT DOGS INTERVIEW QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS YOUTH AGES 8-11 YEARS OLD

4-H Professionals and Judges: Judges are expected to use these questions when interviewing youth ages 8-10 in the All About Dogs Project No. 200. Recommended Use: Judges can select 2 or 3 sets of 3-5 questions and put each set in an envelope, allowing exhibitors to choose 1 of the envelopes, or use the same 3-5 questions for all youth 8-10 years old at judging. For the Ohio State Fair, ages are divided as follows for judging: 8-11 year-olds; 12-14 year-olds; and 15-18 year-olds. Counties may send one youth to the Ohio State Fair in each of the following age divisions: J-16 (4-H ages 8-11), J-17 (4-H ages 12-14), and J-18 (4-H age 15-18) for a maximum total of three youth representing each county.

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Q1. What AKC video were you asked to watch before you began any activities in this project?
A1. "The Dog Listener" safety video
P. 3

Q2. In what year was the American Kennel Club founded?
A2. 1884
P. 10

Q3. What does it mean when we say a dog is a carnivore?
A3. They eat meat (also accept they eat other animals as defined in glossary)
P. 11

Q4. How many claws do dogs have on their hind feet, not including a dewclaw?
A4. 4
P. $\quad 11$

Q5. Name 2 of the 7 AKC dog groups.
A5. (1) Terrier
(2) Toy
(3) Sporting
(4) Non-Sporting
(5) Herding
(6) Working
(7) Hound
P. $13,16,17$

Q6. What is 1 myth about dogs?
A6. (1) A dog's mouth is cleaner than ours
(2) A dry nose means a dog is sick
(3) Dogs can only see in black and white
(4) Dogs wag their tails when they are happy
(5) One year in a dog's life equals 7 human years
P. $\quad 13$

Q7. On average, how much time does it take to care for a dog each day?
A7. 2 hours
P. 13

Q8. What is the name of the most well-known Alaskan 1,000 mile sled dog race?
A8. Iditarod
P. 14

Q9. In what AKC dog group is the Miniature Schnauzer?
A9. Terrier Group
P. 17

Q10. In what AKC group is the St. Bernard?
A10. Working group
P. $\quad 17$

Q11. Name the 2 ways dogs helped humans when they were domesticated thousands of years ago.
A11. (1) Hunted animals
(2) Guarded villages
P. $\quad 19$

Q12. What are the 3 sizes of Poodles recognized by AKC?
A12. (1) Standard
(2) Miniature
(3) Toy
P. 20

Q13. What is 1 signal a dog gives that tells you he does not want you to approach him?
A13. (1) Tense body
(2) Staring at you
(3) Ears back and close to head
(4) Shows teeth
(5) Growls
(6) Lying down
(7) Tail down or tucked between legs
P. 24

Q14. What is 1 signal a dog gives that tells you she wants you to approach her?
A14. (1) Relaxed body
(2) Wagging tail
(3) Ears perked up
(4) Ready for play
(5) Open mouth
(6) Wriggling body
(7) Front legs close to ground (Play Bow posture)
(8) Possibly jumping
(9) Happy Barking
P. 24

Q15. Name 1 type of canine body posture.
A15. (1) Relaxed Posture
(2) Alert Posture
(3) Play Bow
(4) Active Submission
(5) Offensive Threat
(6) Stress

Also accept: (7) Passive Submission
(8) Defensive Threat
P. 25

Q16. What is 1 safety rule you should follow when approaching a dog on a leash?
A16. (1) Never approach a dog without the owner's permission
(2) Walk calmly and slowly toward a dog from the side
(3) Do not make direct eye contact
(4) Speak in friendly tones
(5) Stop approaching if the dog is backing up
(6) Put your hand out, palm down, for him to sniff
(7) Pet the dog on the chest, not the head
P. 26

Q17. What is 1 safety rule you should follow when an unleashed dog approaches you?
A17. (1) "Make like a tree trunk" - stand still, bend elbows with forearms across chest
(2) Don't make eye contact
(3) Stay calm
(4) If dog knocks you down, roll into a ball, face down, lay still, cover back of neck with fists and put arms over ears
(5) Block an attack with jacket or backpack, and if attacked "feed" dog jacket, purse, etc. to keep his teeth from you
P. 27

Q18. What is 1 color dogs cannot see?
A18. (1) Red
(2) Orange
(3) Violet
P. $\quad 34$

Q19. What is the main way a dog cools down?
A19. Pants
P. 34

Q20. Why should dog owners touch and pet their dogs all over the dog's body?
A20. To get them used to being touched
P. 35

Q21. Caring for a dog is a commitment. What are 2 things a responsible pet owner does when caring for a dog?
A21. (1) Provides healthful food daily
(2) Provides plenty of water daily
(3) Offers plenty of love and attention
(4) Offers plenty of exercise
(5) Cleans up dog poop
(6) Trains dog to behave
(7) Takes dog to vet for regular checkups
(8) Regular grooming
P. 36

Q22. What is the most important nutrient for dogs and people?
A22. Water
P. 38

Q23. What is 1 reason why dogs need carbohydrates in their diet?
A23. (1) Provide energy
(2) Help dogs absorb minerals from food
P. $\quad 38$

Q24. What is the purpose of vaccines?
A24. To help a dog fight off viruses
P. 39

Q25. What is 1 type of hair coat that dogs can have?
A25. (1) Short
(2) Long
(3) Smooth
(4) Curly
(5) Medium
(6) Wire-haired (accept Broken)
P. 41,44

Q26. How do the bristles on a bristle brush help make a dog's coat shiny?
A26. The soft but stiff bristles distribute oils from the skin down the hair shaft
P. 41

Q27. What is 1 type of hair coat that slicker brushes are good to use on?
A27. (1) Long
(2) Wire
(3) Curly-coats
P. 41

Q28. What is the first thing you should do before bathing your dog?
A28. Brush the coat so it is free of tangles
P. 42

Q29. Your family is ready to get a dog. What are 2 things you should consider to help you select the right dog?
A29. (1) Size
(2) Energy level
(3) Temperament
(4) Social skills
(5) Protection level
(6) Grooming needs
(7) Mixed-breed or purebred
(8) Cost
P. 48

Q30. Name 1 way a dog may act that tells you he may be aggressive.
Q30. (1) Showing teeth
(2) Tense body
(3) Ears back and close to head
(4) Staring
(4) Growling
P. $\quad 102$

## 2022 ALL ABOUT DOGS INTERVIEW QUESTIONS YOUTH AGES 12-14 YEARS OLD

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Age divisions for counties may vary depending on the number of youth enrolled in the All About Dogs project. If youth are in one 8-18 year-old class, or classes are divided into juniors (8-13) and seniors (14-18), it is recommended judges use sets of questions appropriate for the youth's age (8-11), (12-14), and/or (15-18) from the questions below and the other two sets of age-identified questions for 8-11 and 15-18 year-olds posted at www.go.osu.edu/companionanimalresources. These are the questions youth have access to for studying.

Q1. What is the scientific name of the grey wolf that lived in Eurasia about a million years ago?
A1. Canis lupis
P. 8

Q2. The name "Fido" comes from the Latin word fidelis. What does the word "Fido" mean?
A2. Faithful
P. $\quad 9$

Q3. What is the name of one of the earliest relatives of our modern dogs that existed 12 million years ago?
A3. Leptocyon (LEP-ta-see-an)
P. $\quad 9$

Q4. Name 2 of the 4 main wolf species to which all of today's modern dogs can be traced back.
A4. (1) North American Wolf
(2) Chinese Wolf
(3) Indian Wolf
(4) European Wolf
P. $\quad 11$

Q5. What are 3 myths about dogs?
A5. (1) A dog's mouth is cleaner than ours
(2) A dry nose means a dog is sick
(3) Dogs can only see in black and white
(4) Dogs wag their tails when they are happy
(5) One year in a dog's life equals 7 human years
P.

13

Q6. In what AKC dog group does the Borzoi belong?
A6. Hound group
P. 16

Q7. Name 3 categories (not breeds) of dogs that are in the AKC Sporting dog group.
Q7. (1) Spaniels
(2) Retrievers
(3) Pointers
(4) Setters
P. 17

Q8. What was the original purpose for which dogs in the AKC Terrier group were bred?
A8. To dig burrowing animals from their dens
P. 17

Q9. The word "Terrier" is named for the Latin word for earth. What is that Latin word?
A9. Terra
P. 17

Q10. The emperors of what nation specifically bred dogs for their looks, introducing them as small lap dogs?
A10. China (accept Chinese)
P. 19

Q11. Variations in "what" gives breeds their specific coat pattern?
A11. Coat colors
P. 20

Q12. This breed of dog was a favorite of King Charles II of England.
A12. Cavalier King Charles Spaniel
P. 21 (Note this is the corrected caption to accompany the Cavalier's picture)

Q13. What are the 3 coat colors of the Labrador Retriever recognized by AKC?
A13. Black
Yellow
Chocolate
P. 21

Q14. Name 3 types of canine body postures.
A14. (1) Relaxed Posture
(2) Alert Posture
(3) Play Bow
(4) Active Submission
(5) Offensive Threat
(6) Stress

Also accept: (7) Passive Submission
(8) Defensive Threat
P. 25

Q15. What are 3 body parts that dogs use to tell you how they feel?
A15. (1) Eyes
(2) Ears
(3) Tails
(4) Mouths
(5) Bodies
P. 26

Q16. What is "positive reinforcement" in reference to training dogs?
A16. Rewarding a dog for acting the right way or reinforcing a good behavior
P. 30

Q17. How many ear muscles do dogs have compared to humans?
A17. More than a dozen, and humans have 6
P. 34

Q18. Depending on how a dog's eyes are positioned in their head, what is the range of degrees of vision?
A18. 200-270 degrees (accept any answer in this range)
P. 34

Q19. In addition to the scent receptors, the styles of what part of a dog's body contribute to their superior sense of smell?
A19. Ears
P. 34

Q20. On a Bloodhound, what 2 parts or areas of their body help it gather scent?
A20. (1) Loose, wrinkled skin around the face (do not accept just "face")
(2) Long ears that hang down
P. $\quad 34$

Q21. What are papillae?
A21. Taste receptors
P. 35

Q22. Name 2 reasons why water is important for dogs.
A22. (1) Helps every system in body to work smoothly
(2) Protects the dog from illness
(3) Protects the dog from injury
P. $\quad 38$

Q23. How many more calories do fats have than protein, making too much fat not good for dogs or people?
A23. Twice as many calories
P. 38

Q24. What are 3 purposes of protein in a dog's diet?
A24. (1) Helps a dog's body grow
(2) Repairs tissue
(3) Transports oxygen in the blood stream
(4) Supplies energy
P. 38

Q25. Name 2 reasons why minerals are important in a dog's diet?
A25. (1) For normal nerve function
(2) For normal muscle function
P. $\quad 38$

Q26. Give 2 examples of macro-minerals.
A26. (1) Calcium
(2) Sodium
(3) Potassium
P.

36

Q27. What are 2 purposes for using a rubber curry brush on a dog?
A27. (1) Removing dust on short coats
(2) Removing hair on short coats
(3) To polish the coat to minimize shedding
P. 41

Q28. What brush is ideal to use on long-coated dogs that shed?
A28. Slicker brush
P. 41

Q29. What are 2 reasons you should not leave soap on a dog during the bathing process?
A29. (1) Soap dries the skin
(2) Soap dulls the coat
(3) Soap causes the dog to scratch
P. 42

Q30. When talking about a dog's temperament, what does the term "temperament" mean?
A30. The usual attitude, mood, or behavior of the dog
P. 51

## 2022 ALL ABOUT DOGS INTERVIEW QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS YOUTH AGES 15-18 YEARS OLD

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Q1. What is the name of the small group of meat-eating animals that existed 100-50 million years ago?
A1. Creodonts (CREE-oh-doe-nts)
P. $\quad 9$

Q2. What is the name of the possible direct relative to the dog family that existed 38-26 million years ago?
A2. Hesperocyon (hess-PER-see-an)
P. $\quad 9$

Q3. Name 5 similarities of the wolf and dog that are mentioned in your book.
A3. (1) Both are mammals
(2) Both nurse their young
(3) Both eat meat (carnivores)
(4) Both have an advanced sense of smell
(5) Both have an advanced sense of sight
(6) Both have an advanced sense of hearing
(7) Both walk on their toes
(8) Both have five claws on front feet
(9) Both have four claws on back feet
P. $\quad 11$

Q4. Name the 7 AKC dog groups.
A4. (1) Terrier
(2) Toy
(3) Sporting
(4) Non-Sporting
(5) Herding
(6) Working
(7) Hound
P. $13,16,17$

Q5. What was the name of President George Washington's black and tan coonhound?
A5. Tipsy
P. $\quad 13$

Q6. In what country did the Soft Coated Wheaten Terrier originate?
A6. Ireland
P. 20

Q7. In what AKC dog group does the Mastiff belong?
A7. Working group
P. 21

Q8. What is the chestnut and white coat color of the Cavalier King Charles Spaniel called?
A8. Blenheim color
P. $\quad 21$ (Note this is the corrected caption to accompany the Cavalier's picture)

Q9. What are 5 signals a dog gives that tells you she wants you to approach her?
A9. (1) Relaxed body
(2) Wagging tail
(3) Ears perked up
(4) Ready for play
(5) Open mouth
(6) Wriggling body
(7) Front legs close to ground (Play Bow posture)
(8) Possibly jumping
(9) Happy Barking
P. 24

Q10. Name 5 types of canine body postures.
A10. (1) Relaxed Posture
(2) Alert Posture
(3) Play Bow
(4) Active Submission
(5) Offensive Threat
(6) Stress

Also accept: (7) Passive Submission
(8) Defensive Threat
P. 25

Q11. What are the 5 body parts that dogs use to tell you how they feel?
A11. (1) Eyes
(2) Ears
(3) Tails
(4) Mouths
(5) Bodies
P. 26

Q12. What chemical in chocolate can be toxic to dogs?
A12. Theobromine (Thee-uh-BROH-min)
P. 30

Q13. What does "shaping and managing" a dog's behavior mean?
A13. Keep items away from your dog that you don't want him to get into, and provide the right toys and activities to keep him occupied and safe.
(Accept examples, such as keeping dangerous items in cabinets, shoes and trash out of dog's reach, etc.)
P. 30

Q14. What is "negative reinforcement" in reference to training dogs?
A14. Relying on a dog's behavior to make the bad things go away. (Accept the example of asking a dog to sit, pushing down on rump and pulling up head, while telling him to sit.)
P. $\quad 30$

Q15. What is the name of the special reflective mirror-like surface at the back of a dog's eyeball to help him see well at night?
A15. Tapetum lucidum (ta-PEE-dum LOO-si-dum)
P. 34

Q16. What does the term "field of vision" mean?
A16. The entire area that an animal or person can see without moving their eyes
P. 34

Q17. Up to how many scent receptors do dogs have?
A17. 230 million
P. 34

Q18. What are 2 reasons why dogs do not taste food like we do?
A18. (1) They don't have as many taste buds as we do
(2) They gulp down their food
P. $\quad 35$

Q19. What are the 6 main nutrients dogs need to be healthy?
A19. (1) Water
(2) Carbohydrates
(3) Fats
(4) Protein
(5) Vitamins
(6) Minerals
P. 38

Q20. Name 3 reasons why water is important for dogs.
A20. (1) Helps every system in body to work smoothly
(2) Protects the dog from illness
(3) Protects the dog from injury
P.

38

Q21. What type of grains are classified as carbohydrates that make up a large portion of the carbs found in certain types of dog food?
A21. Cereal grains
P. 38

Q22. What are 3 purposes of fats in a dog's diet?
A22. (1) Source of energy
(2) Makes food taste better
(3) Provide essential fatty acids
(4) Provide vitamins
P. $\quad 38$

Q23. What 2 protein sources do dogs eat?
A23. (1) Plants
(2) Animal
P. 38

Q24. Name 5 vitamins found in dog food.
A24. (1) Vitamin $A$
(2) Vitamin B complex
(3) Vitamin C
(4) Vitamin D
(5) Vitamin E
(6) Vitamin K
P. $\quad 38$

Q25. Name 3 purposes of vitamins in a dog's diet.
A25. (1) Helps a dog's body grow
(2) Helps keep their bodies working properly
(3) Helps their metabolism work properly
P. 38

Q26. Name the 2 categories of minerals needed by dogs.
A26. (1) Macro (large) minerals
(2) Micro (small) minerals
P. 38

Q27. Give 3 examples of micro-minerals.
A27. (1) Iron
(2) Zinc
(3) Manganese
(4) Copper
P. 38

Q28. What are 3 purposes for using a rubber curry brush on a dog?
A28. (1) Removing dust on short coats
(2) Removing hair on short coats
(3) To polish the coat to minimize shedding
P.

41

Q29. What breed of dog in the AKC Non-Sporting Group has a compact body and a long, flowing mane clipped to look like a lion?
A29. Löwchen
P. 42

Q30. Name 2 breeds of dogs with a curly coat that forms dreadlocks (or corded)?
A30. (1) Puli
(2) Komondor
(Accept Poodle also, because if the coat is allowed to grow out it will cord.)
P. 44

